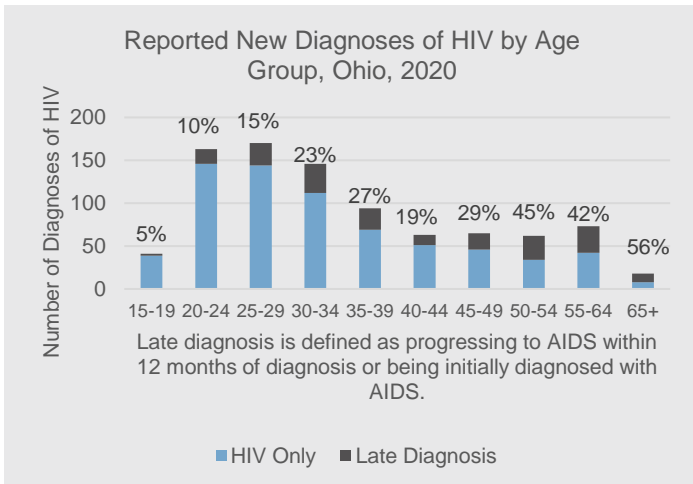
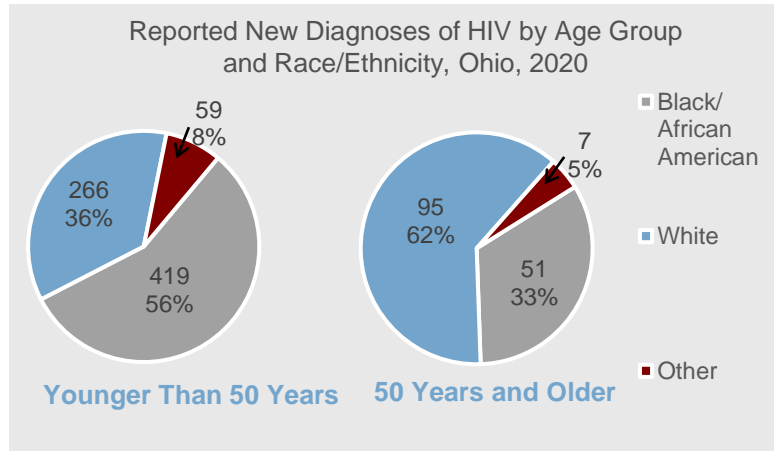
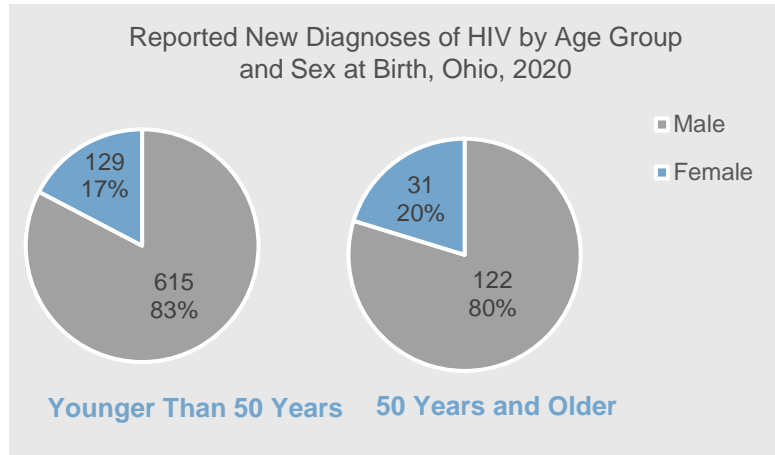


Key Point

Seventeen percent of reported new diagnoses of HIV in 2020 in Ohio were among people aged 50 years or older.

Reported New Diagnoses of HIV Among People Aged 50 Years or Older in Ohio

- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) reported **36,398** people were **newly diagnosed** with an HIV infection in the **United States in 2019**. Of these, **6,102 (17%)** were **aged 50 years or older**.¹
- There were **897 new diagnoses of HIV** reported in **Ohio in 2020**. Of these, **17% (n=153)** were among **people aged 50 years or older**.
- Of new diagnoses of HIV among people aged 50 or over in Ohio in 2020, **80% (n=122)** were among **males**, and **20% (n=31)** were among **females**.
- Thirty-three percent (n=51)** of new diagnoses of HIV among people aged 50 years or over in Ohio in 2020 were among **Black/African American** people, and **62% (n=95)** were among **white** people.
- Thirty percent (n=46)** of new diagnoses of HIV among people aged 50 years or over in Ohio in 2020 were reported with a transmission category of **male-to-male sexual contact**.
- Older people in Ohio are more likely than younger people to have a late diagnosis of HIV.



Percentage of Reported New Diagnoses of HIV by Age Group and Transmission Category, Ohio, 2020

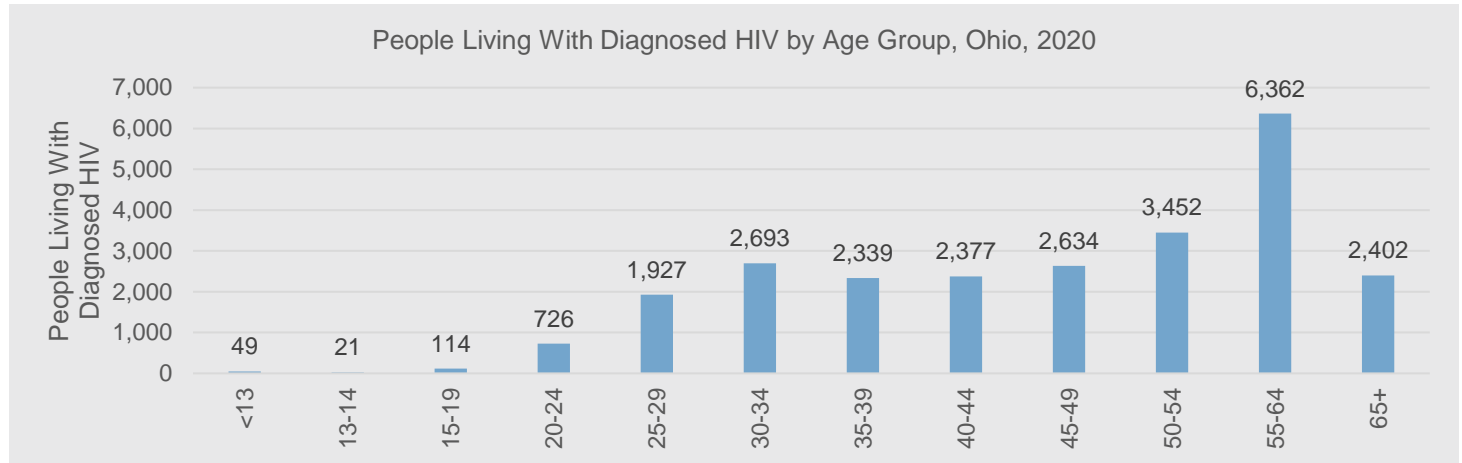
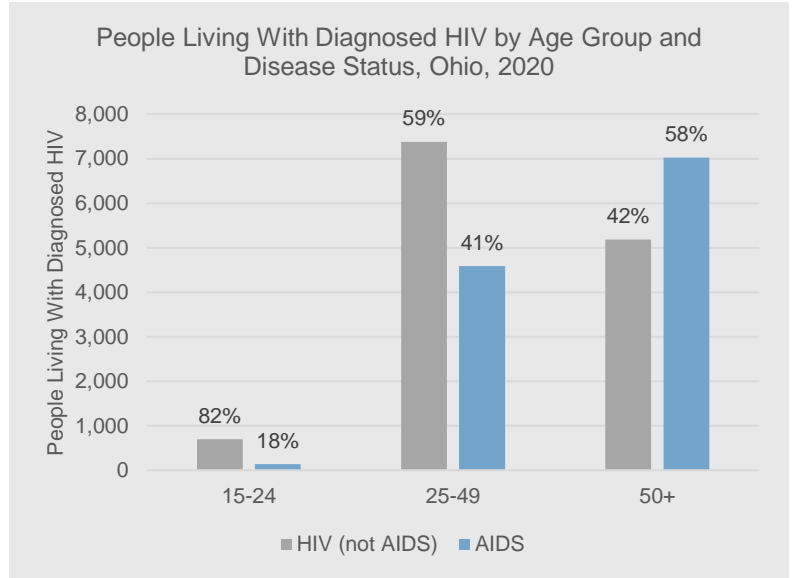
| Transmission Category | Younger Than 50 Years | 50 Years or Older |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Male-to-Male Sexual Contact | 48% | 48% |
| Injection Drug Use (IDU) | 6% | 5% |
| Male-to-Male Sexual Contact and IDU | 4% | 3% |
| Heterosexual Contact | 6% | 8% |
| Other/Unknown | 36% | 55% |

*Total may not add to 100% due to rounding.

¹Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV Surveillance Report, 2019; vol.32. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance.html>. Published May 2021. Accessed Sept. 30, 2021.

People Aged 50 Years or Older Living With Diagnosed HIV in Ohio

- CDC reported **1,044,977** people **living with diagnosed HIV** in the **United States in 2019**. Of these, **539,238 (52%)** were **aged 50 years or older**.¹
- There were **25,096** people **living with diagnosed HIV** in **Ohio** at the end of **2020**. Of these, **49%** (n=12,216) were **among people aged 50 years or older**.
- **People aged 50 years or older** account for the age group in Ohio with the **largest burden of AIDS** at the end of 2020.
- Of people **aged 50 years or older** living with diagnosed HIV in Ohio at the end of 2019, **72%** were in **receipt of care**, **43%** were **retained in care**, and **66%** were **virally suppressed**.



Explanation of Terms:

- Diagnoses of HIV infection include people with a diagnosis of HIV (not AIDS), a diagnosis of HIV and an AIDS diagnosis within 12 months (HIV & later AIDS), and concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS (AIDS).
- Living with diagnosed HIV infection represents all people ever diagnosed and reported with HIV or AIDS who have not been reported as having died as of Dec. 31, 2020. People living with diagnosed HIV infection represent people living in Ohio as of Dec. 31, 2020, regardless of whether the person was a resident of Ohio at time of initial HIV and/or AIDS diagnosis.
- Receipt of Care: Having at least one CD4 and/or viral load (VL) test through the end of the following year. Retained in Care: Having at least two CD4 and/or VL tests at least three months apart through the end of the following year. Virally Suppressed: The most recent VL test in the following year was ≤ 200 copies/mL. Denominator: The number of people aged ≥ 13 years living with HIV infection through the end of each year, and still living in Ohio at the end of the next year.
- Males and females refer to sex assigned at birth.
- In this data, race/ethnicity is presented using the following categories: American Indian/Alaska Native; Asian/Pacific Islander; Black/African American; Hispanic/Latino; white; and multi-race. Those of Hispanic/Latino descent are included in the Hispanic/Latino category, regardless of race. They are not included in a race category. Asian/Pacific Islander includes Native Hawaiians.
- Transmission categories are mutually exclusive, hierarchical categories defined by the CDC and system-calculated using sex at birth and risk factor history to determine mode of transmission. A person with multiple risks is only represented in the highest category based on the CDC hierarchical algorithm. Thus, transgender women are included in the male-to-male sexual contact transmission category if assigned male at birth and risk factor history indicates sex with males. Please note this is for the categorization of HIV transmission categories only and not to describe sexual orientation.
- Source: Ohio Department of Health, HIV Surveillance Program. Data reported through June 30, 2021.

¹Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV Surveillance Report, 2019; vol.32. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance.html>. Published May 2021. Accessed Sept. 30, 2021.