

# Ohio Department of Health Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary MMWR Week 51 December 16<sup>th</sup> - December 22<sup>nd</sup>, 2018

# **Current Influenza Activity:**

• Current Ohio Activity Level (Geographic Spread) – Regional Definition: Increased ILI in ≥ 2 but less than half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions, OR institutional outbreaks (ILI or lab confirmed) in ≥ 2 but less than half of the regions AND recent (within the past 3 weeks) lab confirmed influenza in the affected regions.

During MMWR Week 51, public health surveillance data sources indicate minimal intensity for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient settings reported by Ohio's sentinel providers. The percentage of emergency department visits with patients exhibiting constitutional symptoms and fever and ILI specified ED visits are below baseline levels. Reported cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations are above the seasonal threshold\*. There were 125 influenza-associated hospitalizations reported during MMWR Week 51.

Ohio Weekly Influenza-associated Hospitalizations					
by Ohio Public Health Region					
Central	8				
East Central	24				
Northeast	43				
Northwest	9				
Southeast	11				
Southwest	13				
West Central	17				
Total	125				

## **Ohio Influenza Activity Summary Dashboard:**

Data Source	Current week value	Percent Change from last week <sup>1</sup>	# of weeks <sup>2</sup>	Trend Chart <sup>3</sup>
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Outpatient Data (ILINet Sentinel Provider Visits)	1.44%	17.07%	<b>↑</b> 2	40 - 2018 Week Number 20-2019
Thermometer Sales (National Retail Data Monitor)	1050	-4.46%	<b>↑</b> 1	40 - 2018 Week Number 20-2019
Fever and ILI Specified ED Visits (EpiCenter)	2.57%	20.09%	<b>↑</b> 2	40 - 2018 Week Number 20-2019
Constitutional ED Visits (EpiCenter)	10.65%	9.79%	<b>↑</b> 3	40 - 2018 Week Number 20-2019
Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (Ohio Disease Reporting System)	125	86.57%	<b>↑</b> 7	40 - 2018 Week Number 20-2013
Outpatient Medical Claims Data <sup>4</sup>	0.70%	37.25%	<b>↑</b> 3	40 - 2018 Week Number 20 - 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Interpret percent changes with caution. Large variability may be exhibited in data sources with low weekly values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Number of weeks that the % change is increasing or decreasing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Black lines represent current week's data; red lines represent baseline averages

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Medical Claims Data provided by athenahealth®

<sup>\*</sup>The seasonal threshold is 25 cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations; historical data demonstrate that once the weekly count exceeds 25 cases, the number of weekly cases thereafter will likely not decrease until after the peak of influenza activity for the season

## State, Regional, and National Data:

#### **Ohio Surveillance Data:**

- ODH lab has reported 58 positive influenza tests from specimens sent from various submitters.
   2018-2019 influenza season positive results: (50) A/pdmH1N1; (7) A/H3N2; (1) Influenza B; (through 12/22/2018).
- The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) has reported 21,042 influenza tests performed at participating facilities.
   2018-2019 influenza season positive results: (25) A/pdmH1N1, (22) A/H3N2, (588) Flu A Not Subtyped, and (32) Flu B (through 12/22/2018).
- 0 pediatric influenza-associated mortalities have been reported during the 2018-2019 season (through 12/22/2018).
- No novel influenza A virus infections have been reported during the 2018-2019 season (through 12/22/2018).
- Incidence of confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations in 2018-2019 season = 389 (through 12/22/2018).

<u>HHS Regional Surveillance Data\*</u>: During week 51 (December 9<sup>th</sup> - December 15<sup>th</sup>, 2018), the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI in Region 5 (Ohio is in Region 5) was 1.7%, which is **below** the regional baseline of 1.8%. West Virginia reported Sporadic Activity; Michigan and Indiana reported Local Activity; Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Kentucky reported Regional Activity.

National Surveillance Data\*: During week 51 (December 9<sup>th</sup> - December 15<sup>th</sup>, 2018), the majority of U.S. states reported Minimal influenza activity; a few states are reporting Low, Moderate, or High activity. The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI was 2.7%, which is above the national baseline of 2.2%. Eight of 10 regions reported ILI at or above their region-specific baseline level. The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories was influenza A (H1N1).
\*National-level and regional-level data are reported one week later than Ohio state-level data

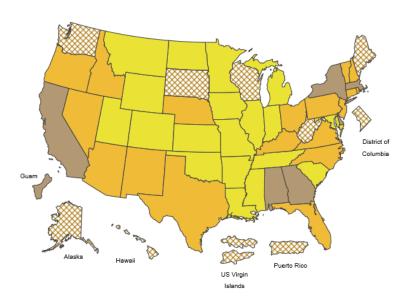




## A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report Prepared by the Influenza Division

Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates Reported by State and Territorial Epidemiologists\*

Week Ending Dec 15, 2018 - Week 50



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\*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

#### 2018-2019 Influenza Vaccine Components:

A/B	Virus	Trivalent	Quadrivalent
Α	Michigan/45/2015 (H1N1)pdm09-like	X	X
Α	A/Singapore/INFIMH-16-0019/2016 (H3N2)-like	X	X
В	B/Colorado/06/2017–like virus (Victoria lineage)	X	X
В	Phuket/3073/2013-like (B/Yamagata lineage)		Х

#### **Antigenic Characterization:**

CDC has antigenically or genetically characterized 264 influenza viruses collected September 30, 2018 – December 15, 2018, and submitted by U.S. laboratories, including 163 influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses, 70 influenza A(H3N2) viruses, and 31 influenza B viruses.

#### Influenza A Viruses

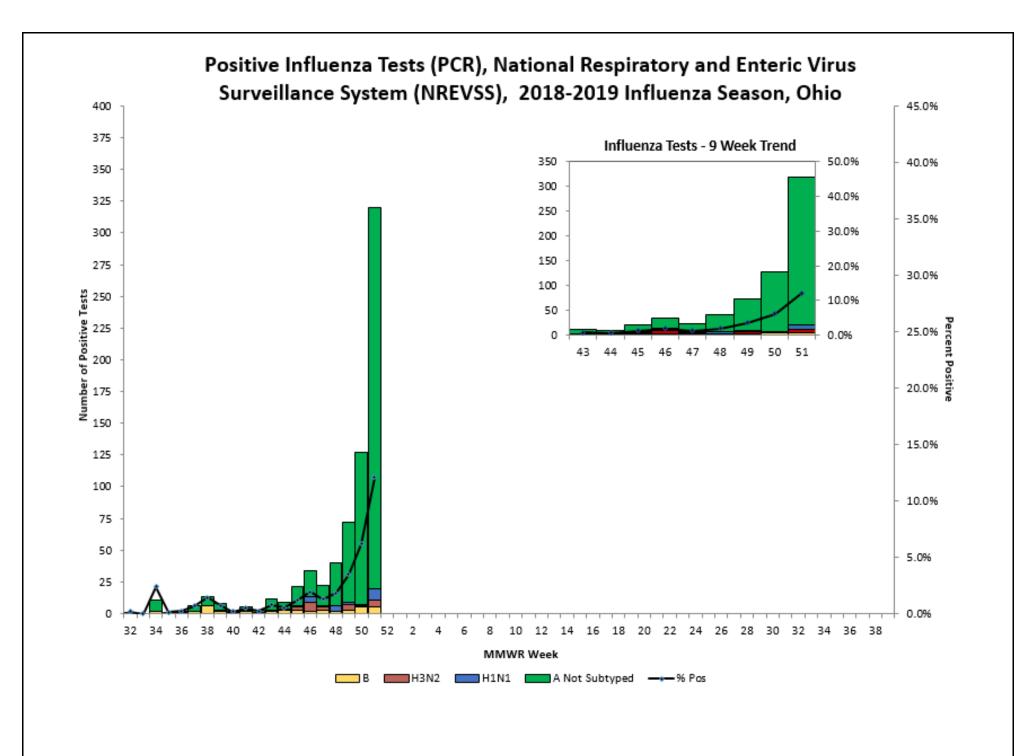
- o **A (H1N1)pdm09:** Phylogenetic analysis of the HA genes from 163 A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses showed that all belonged to clade 6B.1. Seventy-nine A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were antigenically characterized, and 78 (98.7%) were antigenically similar (analyzed using HI with ferret antisera) to A/Michigan/45/2015 (6B.1), a cell-propagated A/Michigan/45/2015-like reference virus representing the A(H1N1)pdm09 component for the 2018-19 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines.
- A (H3N2): Phylogenetic analysis of the HA genes from 70 A(H3N2) viruses revealed extensive genetic diversity with multiple clades/subclades co-circulating. The HA genes of circulating viruses belonged to clade 3C.2a (n=29), subclade 3C.2a1 (n=37) or clade 3C.3a (n=4). Six A(H3N2) viruses were antigenically characterized by FRA with ferret antisera, and all 6 (100%) A(H3N2) viruses tested were well-inhibited (reacting at titers that were within 4-fold of the homologous virus titer) by ferret antisera raised against A/Singapore/INFIMH-16-0019/2016 (3C.2a1), a cell-propagated A/Singapore/INFIMH-16-0019/2016-like reference virus representing the A(H3N2) component of 2018-19 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines.

#### Influenza B Viruses

- B/Victoria: Phylogenetic analysis of 8 B/Victoria-lineage viruses indicate that all HA genes belonged to genetic clade V1A, however genetic subclades which are antigenically distinct have emerged. Genetic subclades which are antigenically distinct include viruses with a two amino acid deletion (162-163) in the HA protein (V1A.1, previously abbreviated as V1A-2Del) and viruses with a three amino acid deletion (162-164) in the HA protein (abbreviated as V1A-3Del). Three B/Victoria lineage viruses were antigenically characterized and all 3 (100%) reacted poorly (at titers that were 8-fold or greater reduced compared with the homologous virus titer) with ferret antisera raised against cell-propagated B/Colorado/06/2017-like V1A.1 reference virus, and belonged to clade V1A.
- B/Yamagata: Phylogenetic analysis of 23 influenza B/Yamagata-lineage viruses indicate that the HA genes belonged to clade Y3. A total of 16 influenza B/Yamagata-lineage viruses were antigenically characterized, and all were antigenically similar to cell-propagated B/Phuket/3073/2013 (Y3), the reference vaccine virus representing the influenza B/Yamagata-lineage component of the 2018-19 Northern Hemisphere quadrivalent vaccines.

National activity levels and more information can be found at the following CDC pages:

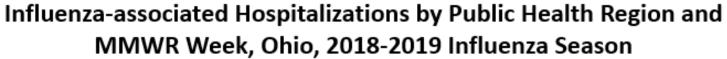
- http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/usmap.htm
- http://www.cdc.gov/flu/

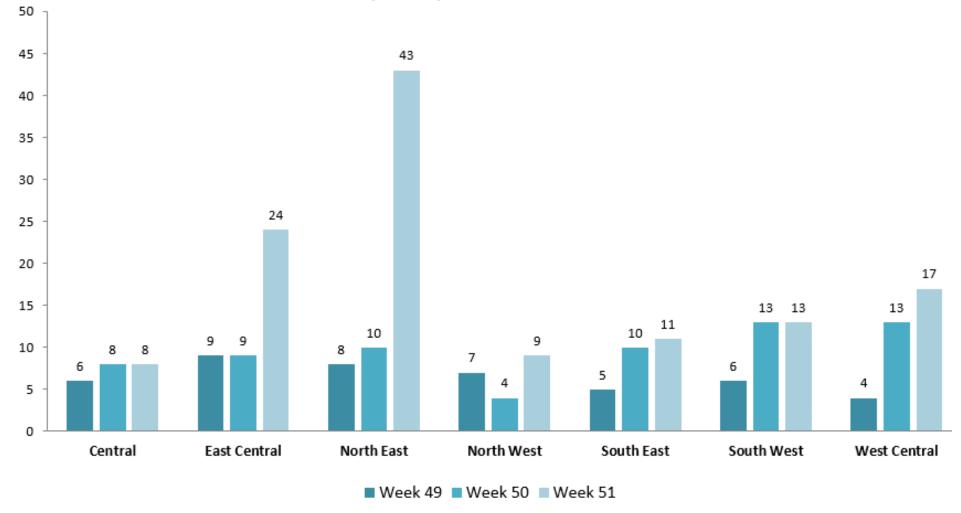


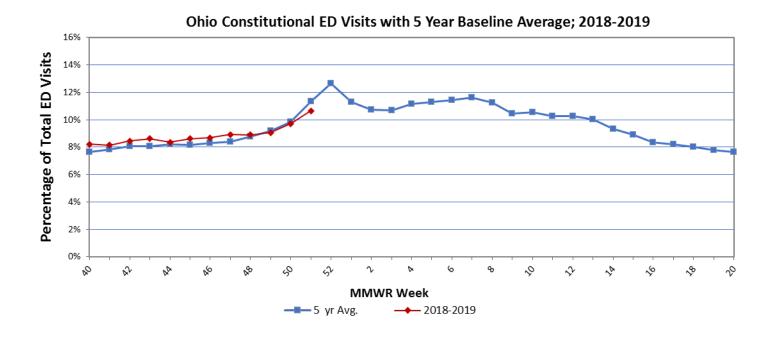
Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations, Ohio								
			2018	-2019 Sea	ason*			_
	Influenza-	Percent of All Influenza-	Rate per 100,000			Influenza-	Percent of All Influenza-	Rate per 100,000
County	Associated	Associated	Population <sup>†</sup>		County	Associated	Associated	Population <sup>†</sup>
	Hospitalizations	Hospitalizations	· ·			Hospitalizations	Hospitalizations	· ·
ADAMS	0	0.0%	0.00		LOGAN	1	0.3%	2.18
ALLEN	11	2.8%	10.35		LORAIN	6	1.5%	1.99
ASHLAND	1	0.3%	1.88		LUCAS	12	3.1%	2.72
ASHTABULA	2	0.5%	1.97		MADISON	0	0.0%	0.00
ATHENS	15	3.9%	23.16		MAHONING	7	1.8%	2.93
AUGLAIZE	3	0.8%	6.53		MARION	1	0.3%	1.50
BELMONT	4	1.0%	5.68		MEDINA	8	2.1%	4.64
BROWN	0	0.0%	0.00		MEIGS	4	1.0%	16.83
BUTLER	12	3.1%	3.26		MERCER	1	0.3%	2.45
CARROLL	0	0.0%	0.00		MAMI	0	0.0%	0.00
CHAMPAIGN	1	0.3%	2.49		MONROE	0	0.0%	0.00
CLARK	0	0.0%	0.00		MONTGOMERY	35	9.0%	6.54
CLERMONT	6	1.5%	3.04		MORGAN	0	0.0%	0.00
CLINTON	1	0.3%	2.38		MORROW	0	0.0%	0.00
COLUMBIANA	3	0.8%	2.78		MUSKINGUM	8	2.1%	9.29
COSHOCTON	1	0.3%	2.71		NOBLE	0	0.0%	0.00
CRAWFORD	0	0.0%	0.00		OTTAWA	1	0.3%	2.41
CUYAHOGA	67	17.2%	5.23		PAULDING	0	0.0%	0.00
DARKE	0	0.0%	0.00		PERRY	2	0.5%	5.55
DEFIANCE	2	0.5%	5.12		PICKAWAY	2	0.5%	3.59
DELAWARE	0	0.0%	0.00		PIKE	1	0.3%	3.48
ERIE	3	0.8%	3.89		PORTAGE	2	0.5%	1.24
FAIRFIELD	2	0.5%	1.37		PREBLE	2	0.5%	4.73
FAYETTE	0	0.0%	0.00		PUTNAM	2	0.5%	5.80
FRANKLIN	22	5.7%	1.89		RICHLAND	3	0.8%	2.41
FULTON	0	0.0%	0.00		ROSS	0	0.0%	0.00
GALLIA	12	3.1%	38.79		SANDUSKY	2	0.5%	3.28
GEA UGA	4	1.0%	4.28		SCIOTO	1	0.3%	1.26
GREENE	8	2.1%	4.95		SENECA	1	0.3%	1.76
GUERNSEY	0	0.0%	0.00		SHELBY	0	0.0%	0.00
HAMILTON	25	6.4%	3.12		STARK	7	1.8%	1.86
HANCOCK	1	0.3%	1.34		SUMMIT	23	5.9%	4.25
HARDIN	0	0.0%	0.00		TRUMBULL	2	0.5%	0.95
HARRISON	0	0.0%	0.00		TUSCARAWAS	0	0.0%	0.00
HENRY	0	0.0%	0.00		UNION	3	0.8%	5.74
HIGHLAND	0	0.0%	0.00		VAN WERT	2	0.5%	6.96
HOCKING	0	0.0%	0.00		VINTON	3	0.8%	22.33
HOLMES	3	0.8%	7.08		WARREN	8	2.1%	3.76
HURON	2	0.5%	3.35		WASHINGTON	0	0.0%	0.00
JACKSON	3	0.8%	9.03		WAYNE	8	2.1%	6.99
JEFFERSON	0	0.0%	0.00		WILLIAMS	1	0.3%	2.66
KNOX	0	0.0%	0.00		WOOD	1	0.3%	0.80
LAKE	4	1.0%	1.74		WYANDOT	2	0.5%	8.84
LAWRENCE	2	0.5%	3.20		UNKNOWN	0	0.0%	*
LICKING	7	1.8%	4.20		TOTAL	389	100%	3.37

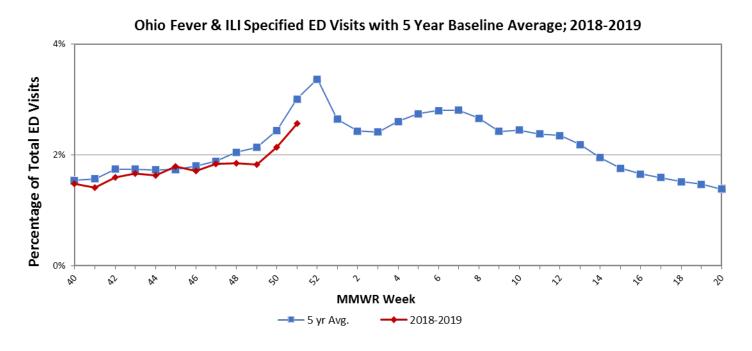
<sup>\*2018-2019</sup> Season 10/1/2018 thru 9/29/2019

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  Disease rates were calculated by number of cases per 100,000 residents using 2010 census data. Source: Ohio Disease Reporting System

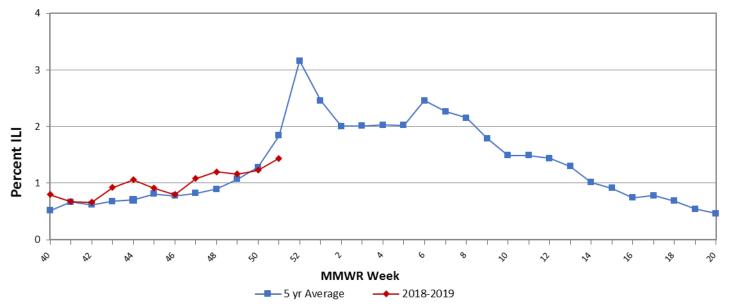




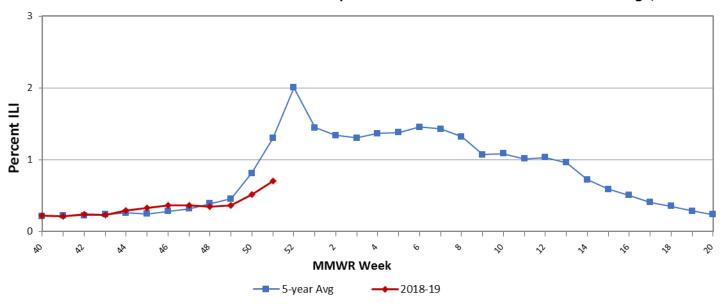


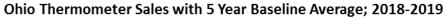


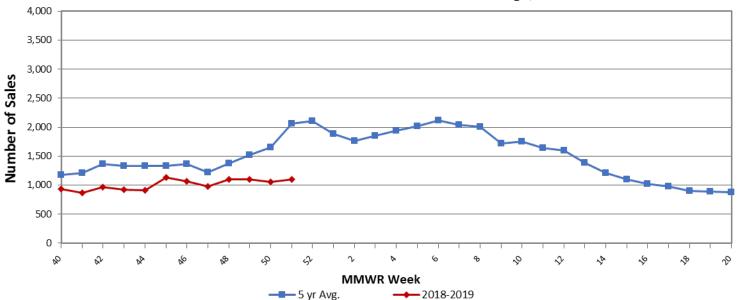
# Ohio Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet) with 5 Year Baseline Average; 2018-2019



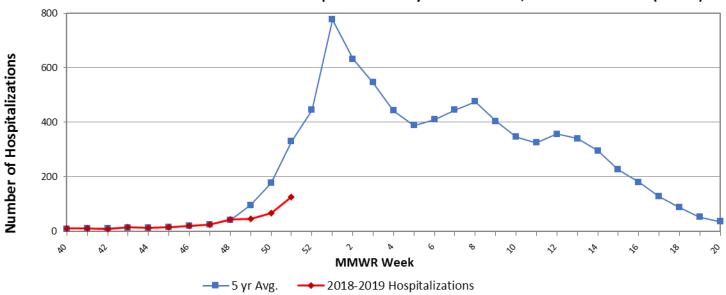
## AthenaHealth: Ohio Influenza Related Outpatient Medical Claims5 Year Baseline Average; 2018-2019







# Ohio Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by MMWR Week; 2018-2019 Season (n=389)



### **Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data**

- National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases: The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from approximately 1,420 Ohio chain drug stores and grocery stores. For influenza surveillance, thermometer and adult cold relief sales are monitored on a weekly basis.
- Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter): EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from 180 hospitals and urgent care facilities across Ohio in real time and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Chief complaints from the constitutional syndrome category and the fever + ILI symptoms classifier are analyzed for influenza surveillance.
- Sentinel Providers (ILINet): Sentinel providers, through the US Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), collect outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) data. ILI is defined as a fever (≥ 100 F), and cough and/or sore throat without another known cause. Providers report the total number of patients seen and the number of patients with ILI by age group on a weekly basis. Sentinel providers also submit specimens for influenza testing to the ODH laboratory throughout the influenza season. There are 83 sentinel providers enrolled in Ohio for the 2016-2017 season.
- ODH Laboratory Surveillance: The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory reports the number of specimens that test positive for influenza each week. Generally, specimens are submitted by sentinel provider participants. A subset of the positive specimens is sent to CDC for further testing during the season.
- Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS): Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported to ODH from local health departments and hospitals by direct entry into the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2009.
- Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS): Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by local health department and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
- National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS): The National Respiratory and
  Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) is a laboratory-based system that monitors temporal and
  geographic patterns associated with the detection of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), human
  parainfluenza viruses (HPIV), respiratory and enteric adenoviruses and rotavirus. There are 19
  facilities in Ohio that submit data to this system.
- athenahealth®: athenahealth is a technology and services company for medical billing and electronic health records. Diagnosis and procedure data from primary care visits are automatically queried to produce influenza related statistics.

**Ohio Public Health Regions**: These counties comprise the Ohio Public Health Regions described in the figures shown on pages 1 and 5.

Cen	Central		East Central		North	North West		South East		West Central
CRAWFORD	LOGAN	ASHLAND	RICHLAND	ASHTABULA	ALLEN	MERCER	ATHENS	MONROE	ADAMS	CHAMPAIGN
DELAWARE	MADISON	CARROLL	STARK	CUYAHOGA	AUGLAIZE	OTTAWA	BELMONT	MORGAN	BROWN	CLARK
FAIRFIELD	MARION	COLUMBIANA	SUMMIT	GEAUGA	DEFIANCE	PAULDING	COSHOCTON	MUSKINGUM	BUTLER	DARKE
FAYETTE	MORROW	HOLMES	TRUMBULL	LAKE	ERIE	PUTNAM	GALLIA	NOBLE	CLERMONT	GREENE
FRANKLIN	PICKAWAY	MAHONING	TUSCARAWAS	LORAIN	FULTON	SANDUSKY	GUERNSEY	PERRY	CLINTON	MIAMI
HARDIN	UNION	MEDINA	WAYNE		HANCOCK	SENECA	HARRISON	PIKE	HAMILTON	MONTGOMERY
KNOX	WYANDOT	PORTAGE			HENRY	VAN WERT	HOCKING	ROSS	HIGHLAND	PREBLE
LICKING					HURON	WILLIAMS	JACKSON	SCIOTO	WARREN	SHELBY
					LUCAS	WOOD	JEFFERSON	VINTON		
							LAWRENCE	WASHINGTON		
							MEIGS			

If you have any further questions or comments about surveillance for seasonal influenza for the State of Ohio, please contact the Infectious Disease Informatics and Vaccine Preventable Disease Epidemiology Unit at <a href="mailto:SMED@odh.ohio.gov">SMED@odh.ohio.gov</a> or call (614) 995-5599.