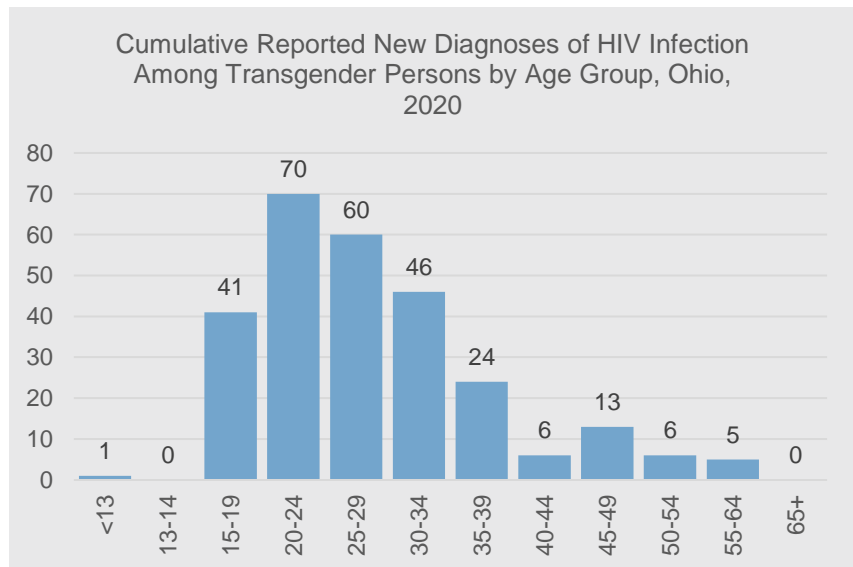
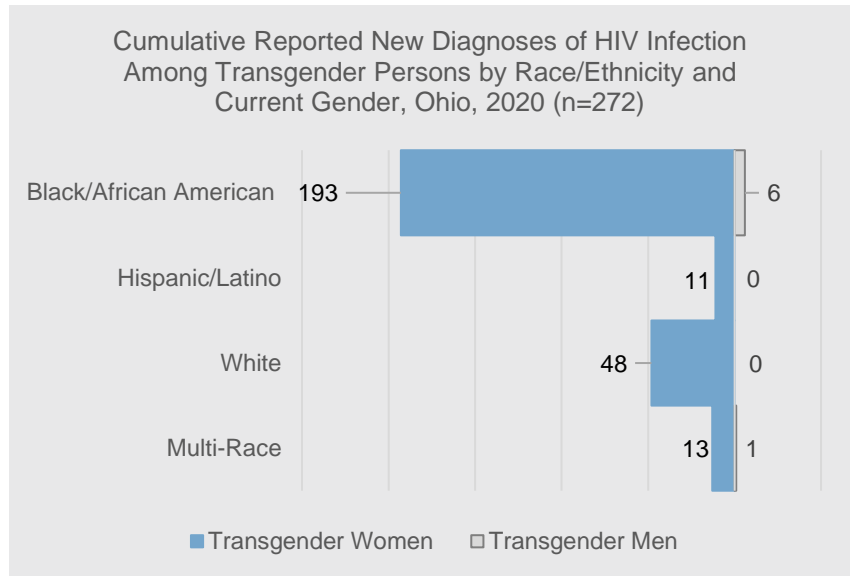


Key Points

Three percent of reported new diagnoses of HIV in 2020 in Ohio were among transgender persons.

Reported New Diagnoses of HIV Among Transgender Persons in Ohio

- Gender identity is used to describe a person's internal experience of their own gender, while gender expression is how that person outwardly exhibits their gender. A person's gender identity may be different from their gender expression.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) reported **36,398** people were **newly diagnosed** with an HIV infection in the **United States in 2019**. Of these, **623 (2%)** were among **transgender women** and **46 (<1%)** were among **transgender men**. There were an additional 19 new diagnoses among persons with additional gender identify.¹
- There were **897 new diagnoses of HIV** reported in **Ohio in 2020**. Of these, **3% (n=24)** were among **transgender persons**.
- There have been **272 new reported diagnoses of HIV** documented among **transgender people** in Ohio since the beginning of the epidemic in 1981. Of these, **97%** were among **transgender women** (n=265) and only **3%** (n=7) were among **transgender men**. However, it is important to note that data related to current gender may be underestimated due to underreporting and the recency of which these data were collected.



Reported New Diagnoses of HIV Infection Among Transgender People by Race/Ethnicity, Ohio, 2016-2020

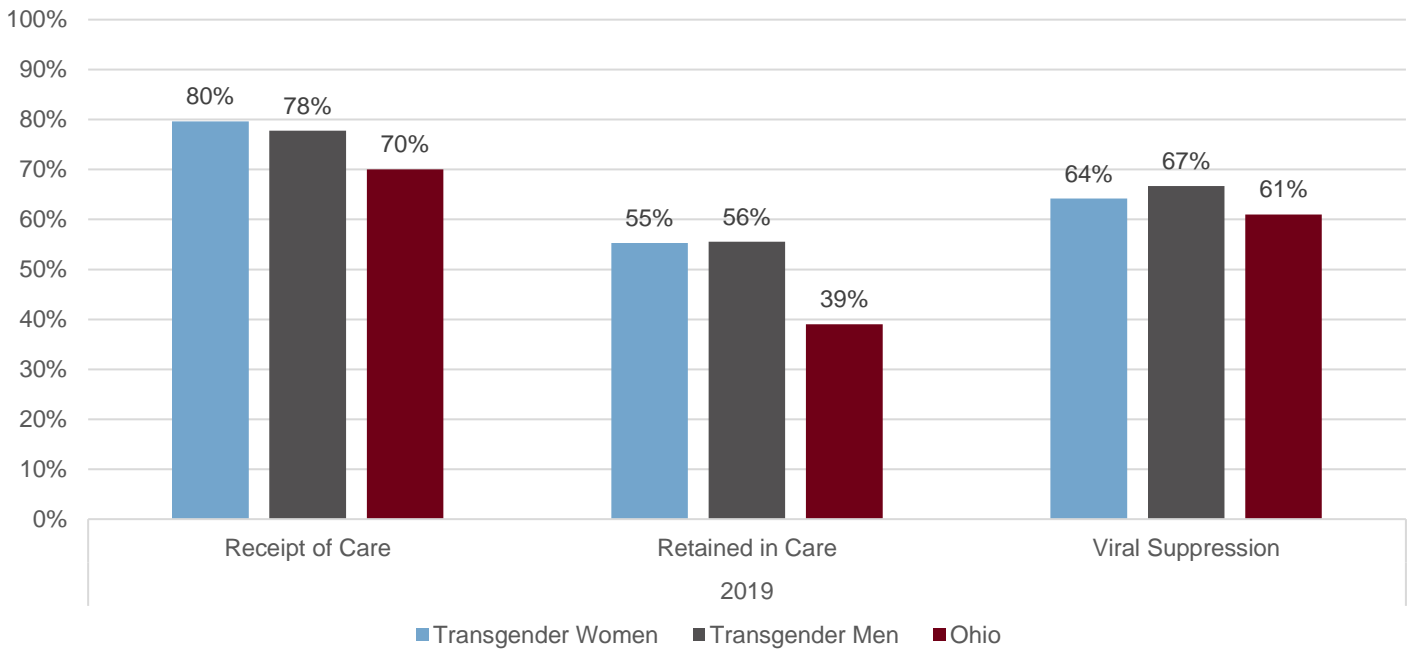
Race/Ethnicity	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Black/African American	15	10	11	17	16
Hispanic/Latino	-	-	2	1	1
White	1	4	4	3	6
Multi-Race	1	1	2	1	1
Total	17	15	19	22	24

¹Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV Surveillance Report, 2019; vol.32. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance.html>. Published May 2021. Accessed Sept. 30, 2021.

Transgender Persons Living with Diagnosed HIV in Ohio

- CDC reported **1,044,977** people **living with diagnosed HIV** in the **United States in 2019**. Of these, **11,002** (1%) were among **transgender women**, **461** (<1%) were among **transgender men**, and 201 (<1%) were among persons with additional gender identity.¹
- There were **25,096** persons **living with diagnosed HIV** in **Ohio** at the end of **2020**. Of these, 1% (n=267) were among **transgender persons**.
- Of **transgender persons** living with diagnosed HIV in Ohio at the end of 2019, 83% were in **receipt of care**, 55% were **retained in care**, and 63% were **virally suppressed**.

Persons Living with Diagnosed HIV Infection-Continuum of Care, Ohio, 2019



Explanation of Terms:

- Diagnoses of HIV infection include persons with a diagnosis of HIV (not AIDS), a diagnosis of HIV and an AIDS diagnosis within 12 months (HIV & later AIDS), and concurrent diagnoses of HIV and AIDS (AIDS).
- Living with diagnosed HIV infection represents all persons ever diagnosed and reported with HIV or AIDS who have not been reported as having died as of Dec. 31, 2020. Persons living with diagnosed HIV infection represent persons living in Ohio as of Dec.31, 2020, regardless of whether the person was a resident of Ohio at time of initial HIV and/or AIDS diagnosis.
- Receipt of Care: Having at least one CD4 and/or viral load (VL) test through the end of the following year. Retained in Care: Having at least two CD4 and/or VL tests at least three months apart through the end of the following year. Virally Suppressed: The most recent VL test in the following year was ≤200 copies/mL. Denominator: The number of persons aged ≥13 years living with HIV infection through the end of each year, and still living in Ohio at the end of the next year.
- Males and females refer to sex assigned at birth.
- In this data, race/ethnicity is presented using the following categories: American Indian/Alaska Native; Asian/Pacific Islander; Black/African American; Hispanic/Latino; white; and multi-race. Those of Hispanic/Latino descent are included in the Hispanic/Latino category, regardless of race. They are not included in a race category. Asian/Pacific Islander includes Native Hawaiians.
- Transmission categories are mutually exclusive, hierarchical categories defined by the CDC and system-calculated using sex at birth and risk factor history to determine mode of transmission. A person with multiple risks is only represented in the highest category based on the CDC hierarchical algorithm. Thus, transgender women are included in the male-to-male sexual contact transmission category if assigned male at birth and risk factor history indicates sex with males. Please note this is for the categorization of HIV transmission categories only and not to describe sexual orientation.
- Source: Ohio Department of Health, HIV Surveillance Program. Data reported through June 30, 2021.

¹Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. HIV Surveillance Report, 2019; vol.32. <http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/library/reports/hiv-surveillance.html>. Published May 2021. Accessed Sept. 30, 2021.