

Ohio Department of Health Seasonal Influenza Activity Summary

MMWR Week 20

May 10th – May 16th, 2020

**** THIS WILL BE THE LAST INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE WEEKLY REPORT OF THE 2019-2020 ** INFLUENZA SEASON. ODH WILL CONTINUE PERFORMING WEEKLY SURVEILLANCE BUT WILL DISCONTINUE POSTING THIS REPORT UNTIL THE START OF THE 2020-2021 INFLUENZA SEASON**

Current Influenza Activity:

Current Ohio Activity Level (Geographic Spread) – Sporadic

Definition: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

During MMWR Week 20, public health surveillance data sources indicate Minimal intensity for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient settings reported by Ohio’s sentinel providers. The percentage of emergency department visits with patients exhibiting constitutional symptoms decreased but are still above baseline levels statewide; fever and ILI specified ED visits decreased and are also still above baseline levels. Reported cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations are below the seasonal threshold*. There were 4 influenza-associated hospitalizations reported during MMWR Week 20.

Ohio Weekly Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by Ohio Public Health Region

Central	1
East Central	0
Northeast	1
Northwest	0
Southeast	0
Southwest	1
West Central	1
Total	4

Ohio Influenza Activity Summary Dashboard:

Data Source	Current week value	Percent Change from last week ¹	# of weeks ²	Trend Chart ³
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Outpatient Data (ILINet Sentinel Provider Visits)	1.11%	19.35%	↑ 1	
Thermometer Sales (National Retail Data Monitor)	1680	112.93%	↑ 2	
Fever and ILI Specified ED Visits (EpiCenter)	1.52%	-3.18%	↓ 8	
Constitutional ED Visits (EpiCenter)	8.31%	-1.19%	↓ 8	
Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (Ohio Disease Reporting System)	4	-60.00%	↓ 1	

¹Interpret percent changes with caution. Large variability may be exhibited in data sources with low weekly values.

²Number of weeks that the % change is increasing or decreasing.

³Black lines represent current week's data; red lines represent baseline averages

*The seasonal threshold is 25 cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations; historical data demonstrate that once the weekly count exceeds 25 cases, the number of weekly cases thereafter will likely not decrease until after the peak of influenza activity for the season

State, Regional, and National Data:

Ohio Surveillance Data:

- **ODH lab** has reported **1,034 positive** influenza tests from specimens sent from sentinel ILINet providers and hospital clinical labs. 2019-2020 influenza season results: **(627) A/H1N1pdm09; (17) A/H3N2; (390) Influenza B;** (through 5/16/2020).
- The **National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS)** has reported **103,267** influenza specimens tested by RT-PCR at participating facilities. 2019-2020 influenza season positive results: **(732) A/pdmH1N1; (7) A/H3N2; (10,962) Flu A Not Subtyped; and (10,041) Flu B;** (through 5/16/2020)
- **5 influenza-associated pediatric mortalities** have been reported during the 2019-2020 season (through 5/16/2020).
- No **novel influenza A virus infections** have been reported during the 2019-2020 season (through 5/16/2020).
- Incidence of confirmed **influenza-associated hospitalizations** in 2019-2020 season = **11,005** (through 5/16/2020).

HHS Regional Surveillance Data*: During week 19 (**May 3rd – May 9th, 2020**), the proportion of outpatient visits for ILI in Region 5 (Ohio is in Region 5) decreased to 1.22%, which is **below** the regional baseline of 1.9%. Kentucky reported No Activity; Michigan, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Indiana, and Ohio reported Sporadic Activity;

National Surveillance Data*: During week 19 (**May 3rd – May 9th, 2020**), the majority of the U.S. reported Minimal activity. The proportion of outpatient visits for ILI decreased to 1.2%, which is **below** the national baseline of 2.4%. All 10 HHS regions reported ILI levels below their region-specific baseline level. While influenza B/Victoria viruses predominated earlier in the season, during recent weeks, influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses have been reported more frequently than B/Victoria viruses nationally and in all surveillance regions. For the season, A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses are the predominant virus nationally.



A Weekly Influenza Surveillance Report Prepared by the Influenza Division

Weekly Influenza Activity Estimates Reported by State and Territorial Epidemiologists*

Week Ending May 09, 2020 - Week 19



*This map indicates geographic spread and does not measure the severity of influenza activity.

2019-2020 Influenza Vaccine Components:

A/B	Virus	Trivalent (High-dose only)	Quadrivalent
A	A/Brisbane/02/2018 (H1N1)pdm09-like	X	X
A	A/Kansas/14/2017 (H3N2)-like virus	X	X
B	B/Colorado/06/2017-like virus (Victoria lineage)	X	X
B	Phuket/3073/2013-like (B/Yamagata lineage)		X

Antigenic Characterization:

CDC **antigenically characterizes** a subset of influenza viruses by [hemagglutination inhibition \(HI\)](#) or neutralization based Focus Reduction assays (FRA). Antigenic drift is evaluated by comparing antigenic properties of cell-propagated reference viruses representing currently recommended vaccine components with those of cell-propagated circulating viruses. CDC antigenically characterized 547 influenza viruses collected in the United States from September 29, 2019, to April 4, 2020. These data are not used to make calculations about [vaccine effectiveness \(VE\)](#). CDC conducts [VE studies](#) each year to measure the benefits of flu vaccines in people.

Influenza A Viruses

- **A (H1N1)pdm09:** 212 A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were antigenically characterized by HI with ferret antisera, and 175 (82.5%) were antigenically similar (reacting at titers that were within 4-fold of the homologous virus titer) to cell-propagated A/Brisbane/02/2018-like reference viruses representing the A(H1N1)pdm09 component for the 2019-20 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines. The decrease in the percent of A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses similar to A/Brisbane/02/2018 is due to some of the recent viruses selected for testing having a single amino acid change that is antigenically distinguishable in antigenic assays using ferret sera. Similar viruses were observed last season as well and these represented a small proportion of virus circulating. We have observed an increase in the proportion of H1N1pdm09 viruses with this change late in the US season.
- **A (H3N2):** 86 A(H3N2) viruses were antigenically characterized by FRA with ferret antisera, and 40 (46.5%) were antigenically similar to cell-propagated A/Kansas/14/2017-like reference viruses representing the A(H3N2) component for the 2019-20 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines.

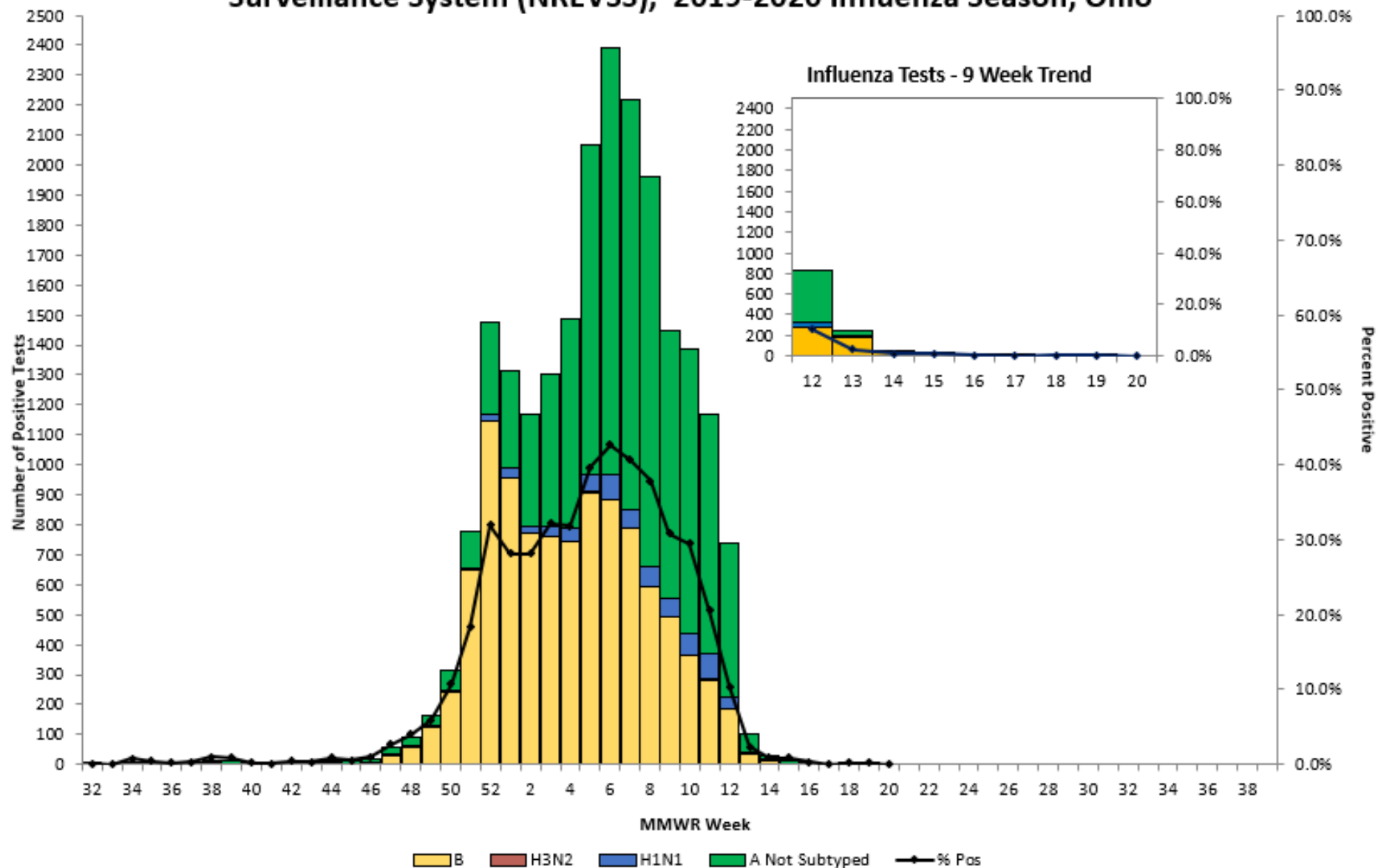
Influenza B Viruses

- **B/Victoria:** 201 B/Victoria lineage viruses, including viruses from both co-circulating sub-clades, were antigenically characterized by HI with ferret antisera, and 120 (59.7%) were antigenically similar to cell-propagated B/Colorado/06/2017-like reference viruses representing the B/Victoria component for the 2019-20 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines.
- **B/Yamagata:** 48 B/Yamagata lineage viruses were antigenically characterized by HI with ferret antisera, and all 48 (100%) were antigenically similar to cell-propagated B/Phuket/3073/2013-like reference viruses representing the B/Yamagata component for the 2019-20 Northern Hemisphere influenza vaccines.

National activity levels and more information can be found at the following CDC pages:

- <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/usmap.htm>
- <http://www.cdc.gov/flu/>

Positive Influenza Tests (PCR), National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS), 2019-2020 Influenza Season, Ohio



**Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations, Ohio
2019-2020 Season***

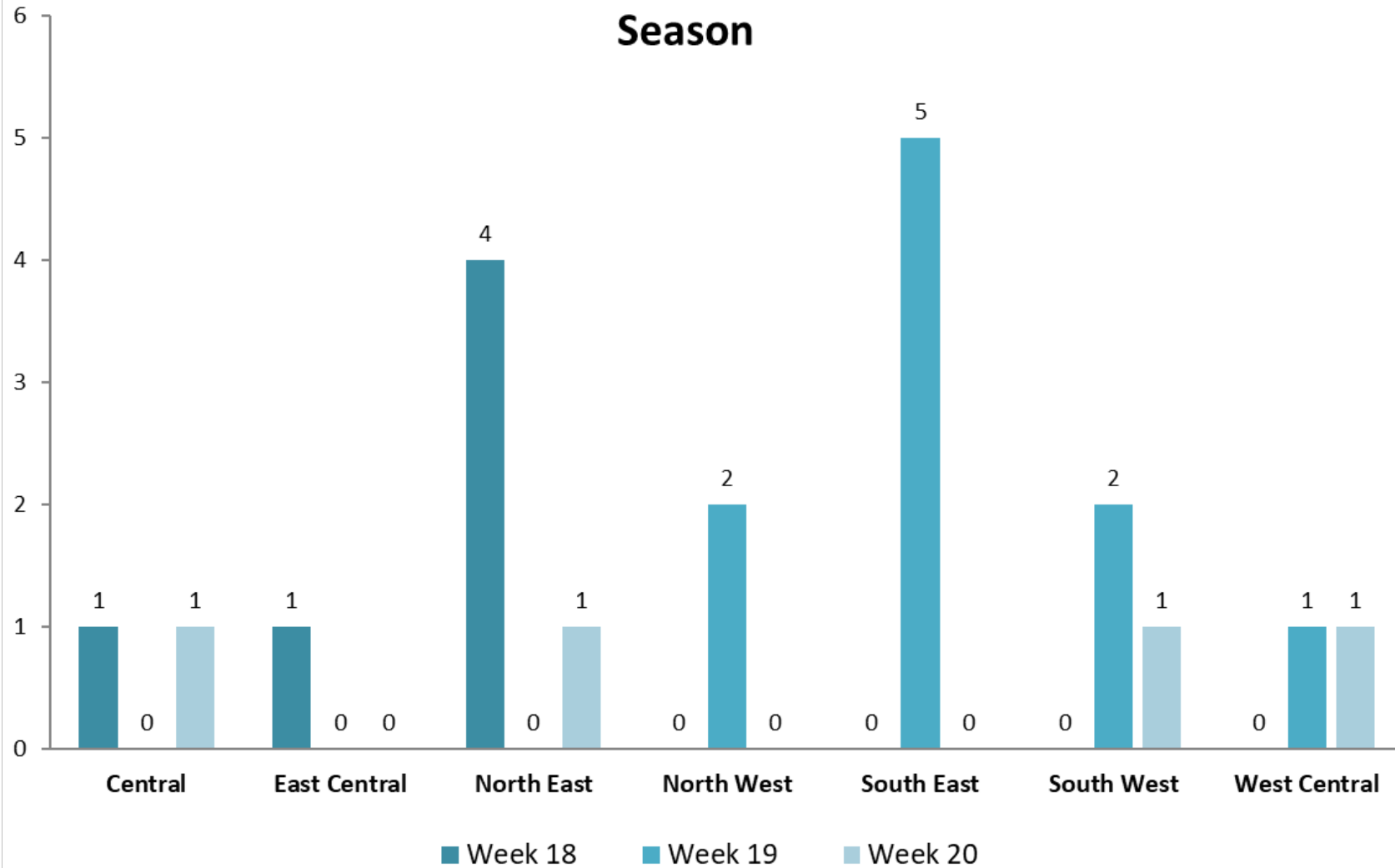
County	Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Percent of All Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000 Population†	County	Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Percent of All Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations	Rate per 100,000 Population†
ADAMS	15	0.1%	52.54	LOGAN	20	0.2%	43.61
ALLEN	134	1.2%	126.02	LORAIN	228	2.1%	75.66
ASHLAND	38	0.3%	71.51	LUCAS	365	3.3%	82.61
ASHTABULA	141	1.3%	138.92	MADISON	28	0.3%	64.46
ATHENS	43	0.4%	66.40	MAHONING	249	2.3%	104.26
AUGLAIZE	33	0.3%	71.82	MARION	66	0.6%	99.25
BELMONT	39	0.4%	55.40	MEDINA	107	1.0%	62.09
BROWN	12	0.1%	26.76	MEIGS	16	0.1%	67.31
BUTLER	306	2.8%	83.12	MERCER	45	0.4%	110.26
CARROLL	13	0.1%	45.08	MIAMI	92	0.8%	89.75
CHAMPAIGN	41	0.4%	102.25	MONROE	7	0.1%	47.81
CLARK	203	1.8%	146.75	MONTGOMERY	821	7.5%	153.41
CLERMONT	124	1.1%	62.83	MORGAN	13	0.1%	86.36
CLINTON	26	0.2%	61.85	MORROW	16	0.1%	45.94
COLUMBIANA	98	0.9%	90.87	MUSKINGUM	97	0.9%	112.69
COSHOCTON	38	0.3%	102.98	NOBLE	4	0.0%	27.31
CRAWFORD	37	0.3%	84.51	OTTAWA	27	0.2%	65.17
CUYAHOGA	2078	18.9%	162.33	PAULDING	8	0.1%	40.79
DARKE	40	0.4%	75.53	PERRY	38	0.3%	105.39
DEFIANCE	18	0.2%	46.11	PICKAWAY	51	0.5%	91.57
DELAWARE	53	0.5%	30.42	PIKE	29	0.3%	101.01
ERIE	74	0.7%	96.01	PORTAGE	131	1.2%	81.16
FAIRFIELD	93	0.8%	63.63	PREBLE	36	0.3%	85.17
FAYETTE	17	0.2%	58.56	PUTNAM	14	0.1%	40.58
FRANKLIN	838	7.6%	72.03	RICHLAND	105	1.0%	84.35
FULTON	37	0.3%	86.66	ROSS	98	0.9%	125.54
GALLIA	23	0.2%	74.35	SANDUSKY	49	0.4%	80.40
GEAUGA	68	0.6%	72.81	SCIOTO	107	1.0%	134.59
GREENE	156	1.4%	96.55	SENECA	22	0.2%	38.77
GUERNSEY	28	0.3%	69.85	SHELBY	56	0.5%	113.31
HAMILTON	817	7.4%	101.82	STARK	368	3.3%	97.98
HANCOCK	31	0.3%	41.45	SUMMIT	602	5.5%	111.12
HARDIN	6	0.1%	18.72	TRUMBULL	226	2.1%	107.46
HARRISON	13	0.1%	81.95	TUSCARAWAS	68	0.6%	73.45
HENRY	20	0.2%	70.88	UNION	20	0.2%	38.24
HIGHLAND	38	0.3%	87.18	VAN WERT	3	0.0%	10.44
HOCKING	12	0.1%	40.84	VINTON	13	0.1%	96.76
HOLMES	24	0.2%	56.65	WARREN	163	1.5%	76.64
HURON	60	0.5%	100.63	WASHINGTON	67	0.6%	108.45
JACKSON	36	0.3%	108.35	WAYNE	66	0.6%	57.63
JEFFERSON	14	0.1%	20.08	WILLIAMS	14	0.1%	37.19
KNOX	30	0.3%	49.24	WOOD	88	0.8%	70.13
LAKE	198	1.8%	86.07	WYANDOT	13	0.1%	57.48
LAWRENCE	80	0.7%	128.10	UNKNOWN	0	0.0%	*
LICKING	106	1.0%	63.67	TOTAL	11005	100%	95.39

*2019-2020 Season 09/29/2019 thru 09/26/2020; data as of 5/16/2020

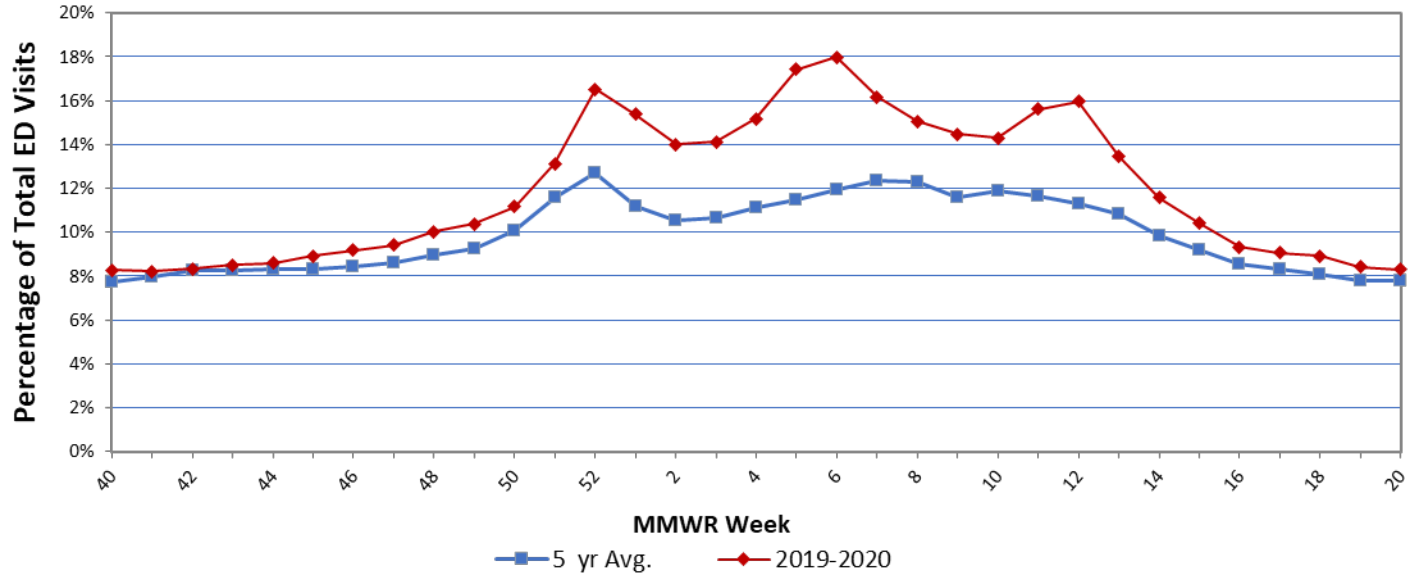
† Disease rates were calculated by number of cases per 100,000 residents using 2010 census data.

Source: Ohio Disease Reporting System

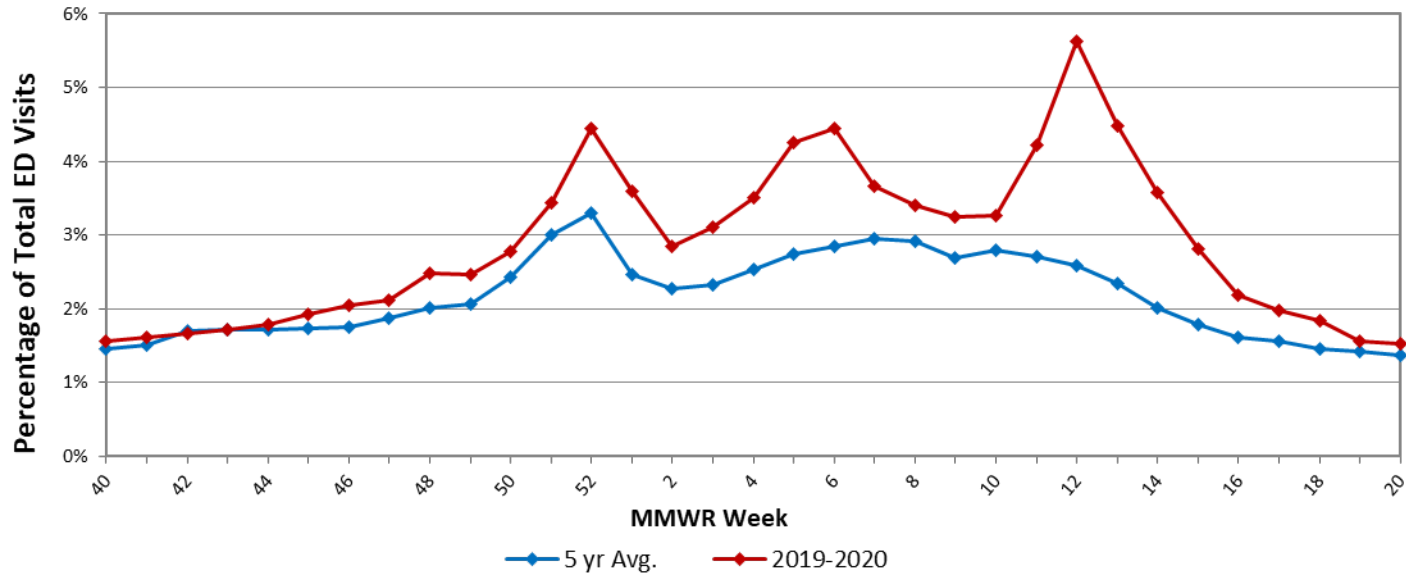
Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by Public Health Region and MMWR Week, Ohio, 2019-2020 Influenza Season



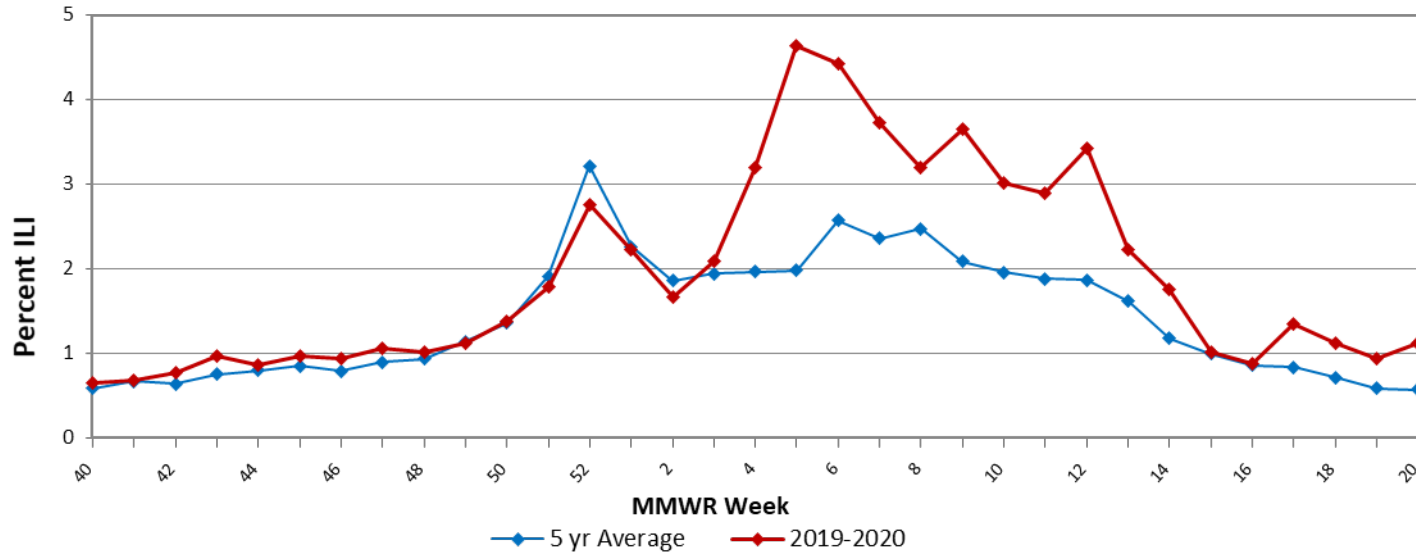
Ohio Constitutional ED Visits with 5 Year Baseline Average; 2019-2020



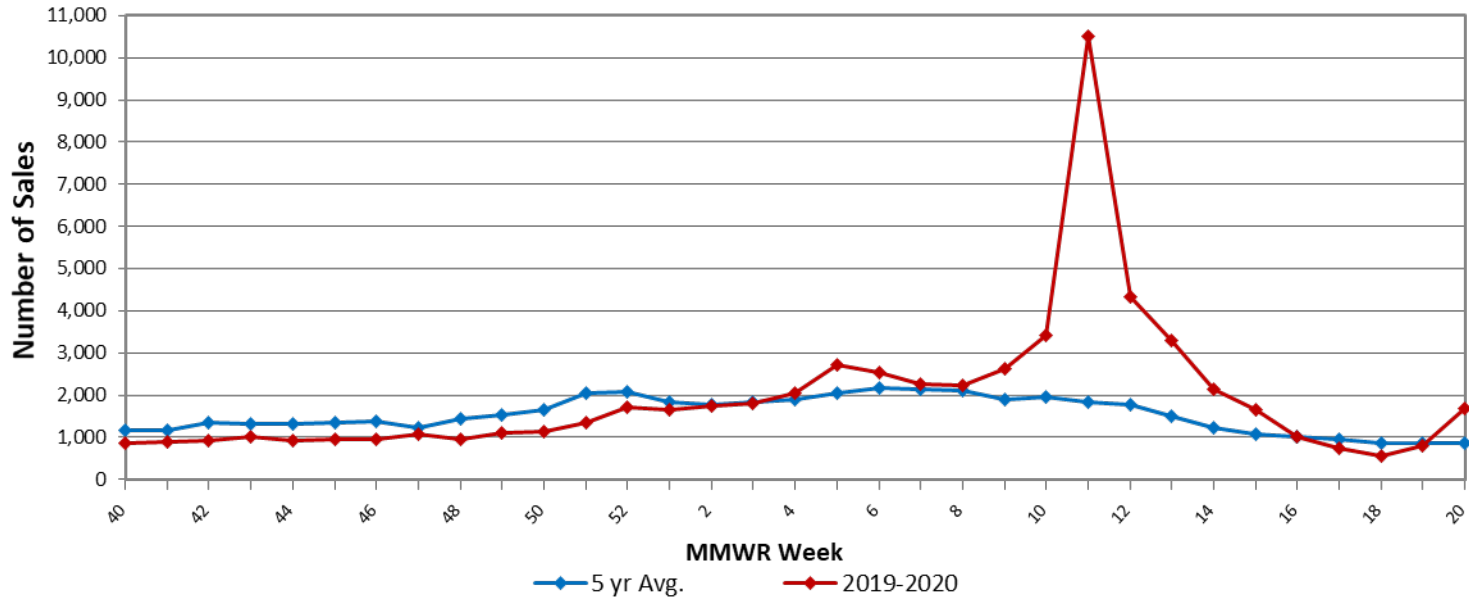
Ohio Fever & ILI Specified ED Visits with 5 Year Baseline Average; 2019-2020



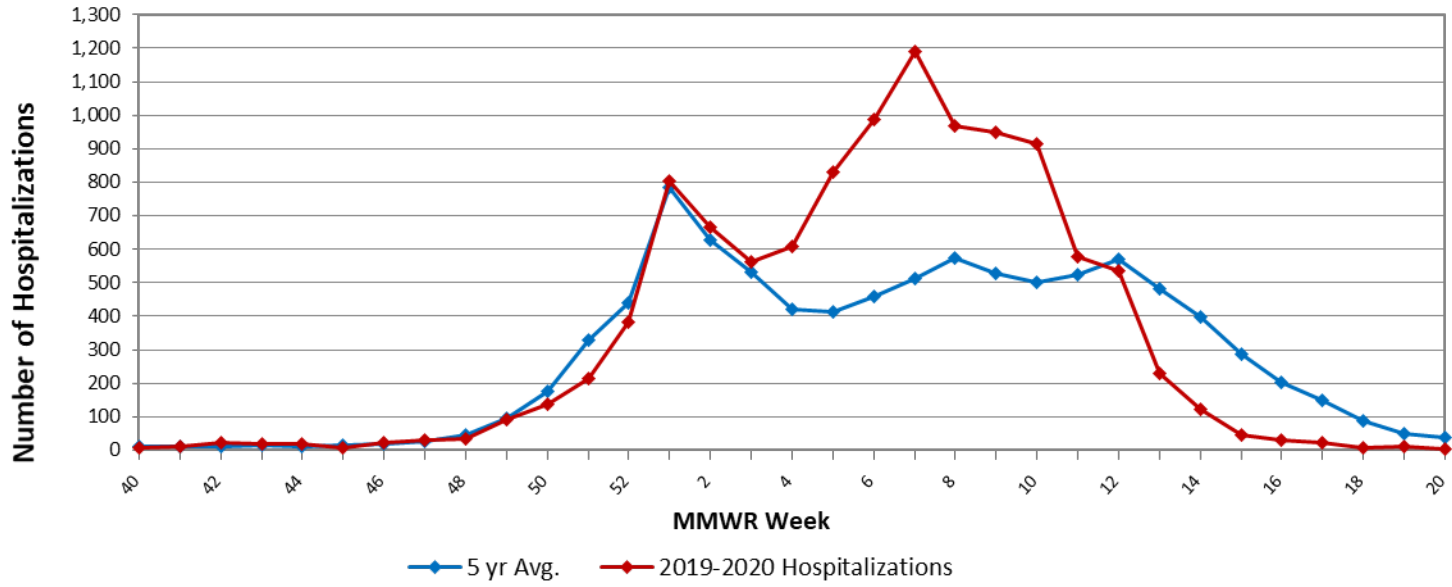
Ohio Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Network (ILINet) with 5 Year Baseline Average; 2019-2020



Ohio Thermometer Sales with 5 Year Baseline Average; 2019-2020



Ohio Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations by MMWR Week; 2019-2020 Season (n=11,005)



Sources of Influenza Surveillance Data

- **National Retail Data Monitor (NRDM)-OTC Drug Purchases:** The NRDM collects over-the-counter (OTC) drug sales information from approximately 1,420 Ohio chain drug stores and grocery stores. For influenza surveillance, thermometer and adult cold relief sales are monitored on a weekly basis.
- **Emergency Department Visits (EpiCenter):** EpiCenter collects emergency department chief complaint data from 180 hospitals and urgent care facilities across Ohio in real time and classifies them into symptom and syndrome categories. Chief complaints from the constitutional syndrome category and the fever + ILI symptoms classifier are analyzed for influenza surveillance.
- **Sentinel Providers (ILINet):** Sentinel providers, through the US Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet), collect outpatient influenza-like illness (ILI) data. ILI is defined as a fever (≥ 100 F), **and** cough and/or sore throat without another known cause. Providers report the total number of patients seen and the number of patients with ILI by age group on a weekly basis. Sentinel providers also submit specimens for influenza testing to the ODH laboratory throughout the influenza season. There are 70 sentinel providers enrolled in Ohio for the 2019-2020 season.
- **ODH Laboratory Surveillance:** The Ohio Department of Health Laboratory reports the number of specimens that test positive for influenza each week. Generally, specimens are submitted by sentinel provider participants. A subset of the positive specimens is sent to CDC for further testing during the season.
- **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (ODRS):** Influenza-associated hospitalizations are reported to ODH from local health departments and hospitals by direct entry into the Ohio Disease Reporting System (ODRS). Hospitalizations can be used as an indicator of the severity of illness during a particular influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2009.
- **Influenza-associated Pediatric Mortality (ODRS):** Influenza-associated pediatric mortalities are reported into ODRS by local health department and hospital staff. Pediatric deaths can be an indicator of the severity of illness during the influenza season. This condition became reportable in 2005.
- **National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS):** The National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) is a laboratory-based system that monitors temporal and geographic patterns associated with the detection of respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), human parainfluenza viruses (HPIV), respiratory and enteric adenoviruses and rotavirus. There are 19 facilities in Ohio that submit data to this system.
- **athenahealth®:** athenahealth is a technology and services company for medical billing and electronic health records. Diagnosis and procedure data from primary care visits are automatically queried to produce influenza related statistics.

Ohio Public Health Regions: These counties comprise the Ohio Public Health Regions described in the figures shown on pages 1 and 5.

Central		East Central		Noth East	North West		South East		South West	West Central
CRAWFORD	LOGAN	ASHLAND	RICHLAND	ASHTABULA	ALLEN	MERCER	ATHENS	MONROE	ADAMS	CHAMPAIGN
DELAWARE	MADISON	CARROLL	STARK	CUYAHOGA	AUGLAIZE	OTTAWA	BELMONT	MORGAN	BROWN	CLARK
FAIRFIELD	MARION	COLUMBIANA	SUMMIT	GEAUGA	DEFIANCE	PAULDING	COSHOCTON	MUSKINGUM	BUTLER	DARKE
FAYETTE	MORROW	HOLMES	TRUMBULL	LAKE	ERIE	PUTNAM	GALLIA	NOBLE	CLERMONT	GREENE
FRANKLIN	PICKAWAY	MAHONING	TUSCARAWAS	LORAIN	FULTON	SANDUSKY	GUERNSEY	PERRY	CLINTON	MIAMI
HARDIN	UNION	MEDINA	WAYNE		HANCOCK	SENECA	HARRISON	PIKE	HAMILTON	MONTGOMERY
KNOX	WYANDOT	PORTAGE			HENRY	VAN WERT	HOCKING	ROSS	HIGHLAND	PREBLE
LICKING					HURON	WILLIAMS	JACKSON	SCIOTO	WARREN	SHELBY
					LUCAS	WOOD	JEFFERSON	VINTON		
							LAWRENCE	WASHINGTON		
							MEIGS			

If you have any further questions or comments about surveillance for seasonal influenza for the State of Ohio, please contact the Infectious Disease Informatics and Vaccine Preventable Disease Epidemiology Unit at SMED@odh.ohio.gov or call (614) 995-5599.